## Financial and legal aspects of state aid in the context of R&D&I activities

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#### Content

- Concept of state aid
- Relevance of state aid for academic institutions
- Implications for financial/legal management
- Case of Latvian Institute of Organic Synthesis (LIOS)

TFEU Art. 107 (1):

Save as otherwise provided in the Treaties, any aid granted by a Member State or through State resources in any form whatsoever which distorts or threatens to distort competition by favouring certain undertakings or the production of certain goods shall, in so far as it affects trade between Member States, be incompatible with the internal market.

EXCEPTIONS – objective of common interest (increase of R&D&I activity)

Two questions to be answered:

- Whether any of the activities performed by research and knowledge dissemination organization (RO) fall under state aid regulation
- 2. If yes, do they meet state aid compatibility requirements

Q1 Criteria for the activity to fall under state aid regulation:

- The existence of an undertaking
- State origin
- Conferral of selective benefit/advantage
- Effect on trade and competition

Commission Notice on the notion of State aid as referred to in Article 107(1) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (2016/C 262/01)

Q1 Criteria for the activity to fall under state aid regulation

Undertakings - entities engaged in an **economic activity**, regardless of their legal status and the way in which they are financed

Economic activity - any activity consisting in offering goods and services on a market

When public authorities directly or indirectly carry out economic transactions in any form, they are subject to state aid rules

#### State Aid (relevance in R&D&I context)

Europe 2020 Flagship Initiative "Innovation Union": the cooperation between the worlds of business and science must be enhanced

<b>Economic activities</b>	Non-economic activities
Contract research	Collaborative research/effective
Supplying services to undertakings	collaboration*
	Knowledge transfer activities
Rent of equipment and	(licensing, spin-offs, IP
premises	Assignments)*

<sup>\*</sup> subject to set of compliance criteria

#### State Aid (relevance in R&D&I context)

#### Case of infrastructures

Criteria for Aid to infrastructures to fall outside state aid regulation in its entirety:

- Ancillary economic use
  - intrinsically linked to its main non-economic use (consume the same inputs as the primary non-economic activities)
  - limited in scope (capacity allocated each year to such activity does not exceed 20 % of the infrastructure's overall annual capacity)

Direct state aid (RO receives state aid)

Example: RO receives public (i.e. ESIF) support for the infrastructure and uses it to carry out contract research or research services for the companies

Indirect state aid (RO passes state aid)

Example: RO carries out contract research at below market price to company

### Q2 Compatibility to state aid regulation

- General Block Exemption Regulation (GBER)
- Framework for state aid for research and development and innovation

#### Q2 Compatibility to state aid regulation

- Categories:
  - fundamental research
  - industrial research
  - experimental development
  - feasibility studies
  - research infrastructures (RI)
  - innovation clusters and SMEs innovation
  - process and organizational innovation
- Limited aid intensities, e.g. max 50% for RI

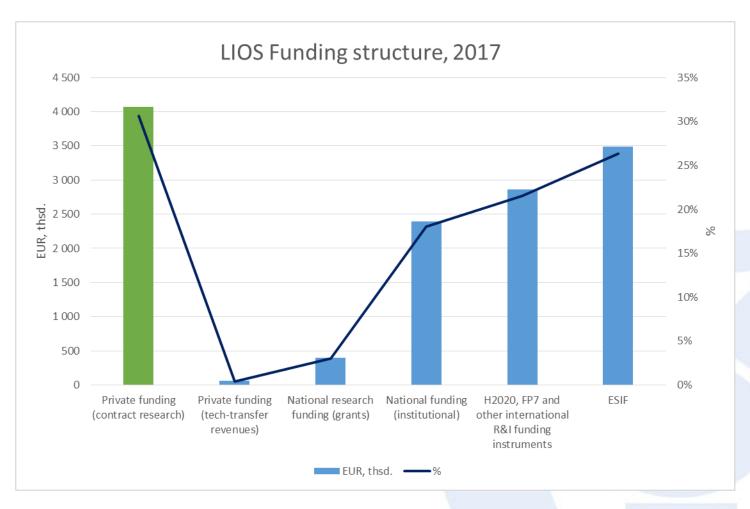
Shareholders or members has no preferential access to ROs research capacities or results

Separate accounting of economic and non-economic activities:

- financing
- costs
- revenues
- RIs capacities (e.g. machine hours)

#### Market price:

- Full cost (direct costs & indirect costs) + margin
- Arm's length negotiations



EUR 13,27M in total >80% of funding – competition based

No preferential access to shareholders or members to ROs research capacities or results

granted by law and statutes

Separate accounting of economic and non-economic activities

- Project based accounting

ect	economic/non-economic/mix	
to Project	direct/indirect	
iated t code	research category (fundamental/industrial research, experimental development/education/)	
associated code	head of the project	
Info	tax deductible/non-deductible	

Activity based costing (ACB) to assign indirect costs to direct costs of projects

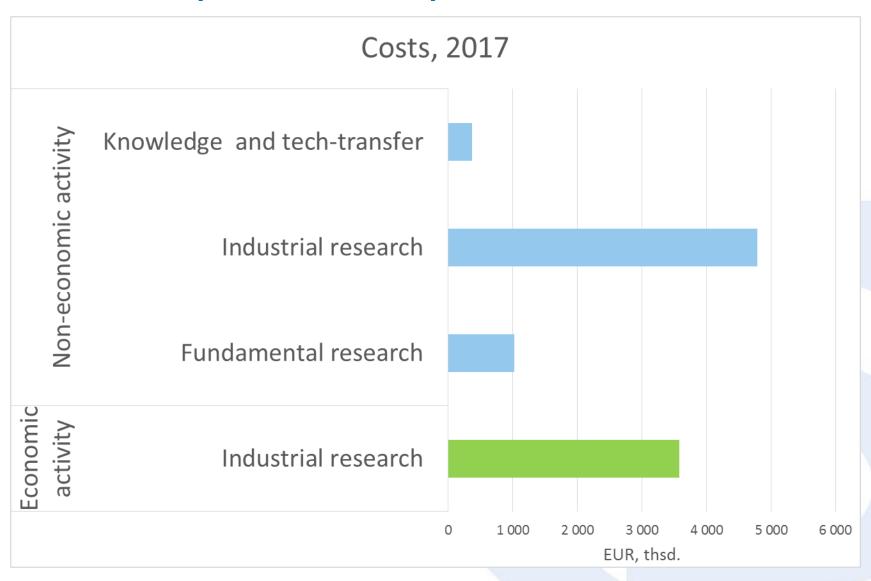
**Cost drivers** 

## Machine hours

- Depreciation
- Maintenance

### Person hours

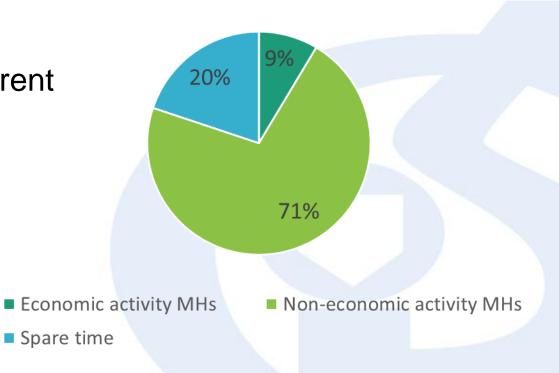
 All the remaining indirect costs



#### Machine hours

- Web based software
- Access to machine operator
- Hours used for different projects





Market price

Direct cost + indirect cost + margin

Margin proxy: NACE M72 profit/turnover

#### Establish red lines:

- fee for service
- FTE type of contracts

#### **Contacts**

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