

Beyond the Science: Building a Collaborative Proposal under Horizon 2020

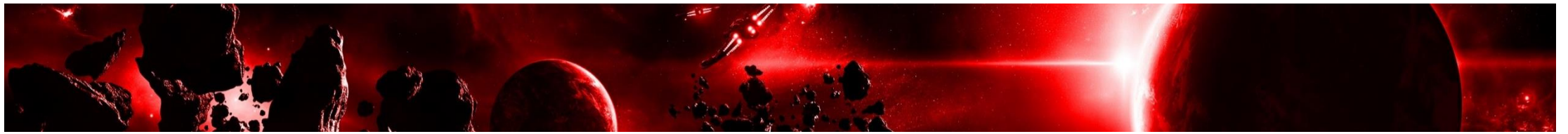


BEYOND THE SCIENCE

Building a Collaborative Proposal under
Horizon 2020



Annual Conference 2016



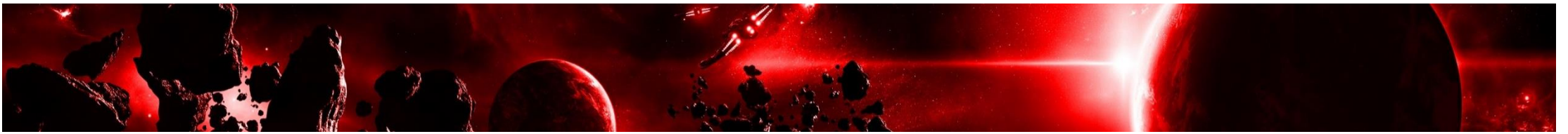
Torben
Hansen



Tiffany Blackman
Jennifer Ponting



Karl
Kerschbaum

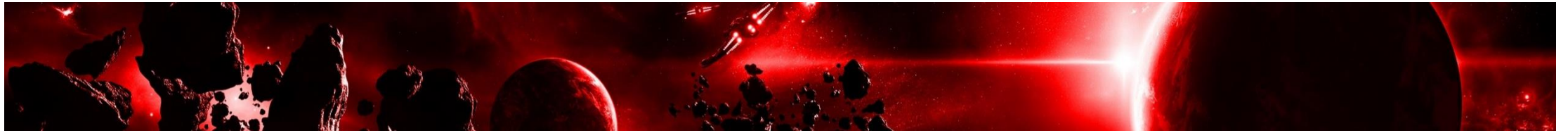


PURPOSE: why we explore

Through specific suggestions and real examples, this session provides:

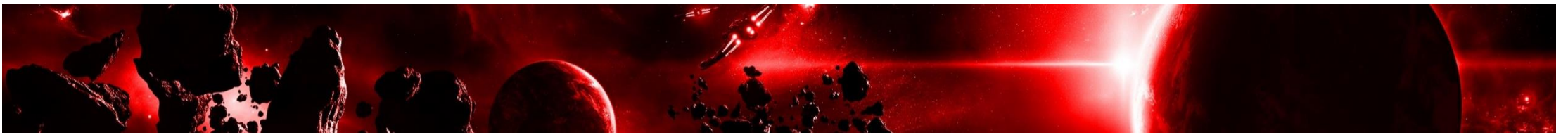
- Methods to coordinate third-party partners and address their concerns.
- Recommendations for coordination activities at each stage.
- Additional tools for coordination (e.g., budget templates, fillable reporting forms, etc.)





OUTLINE: what we will explore



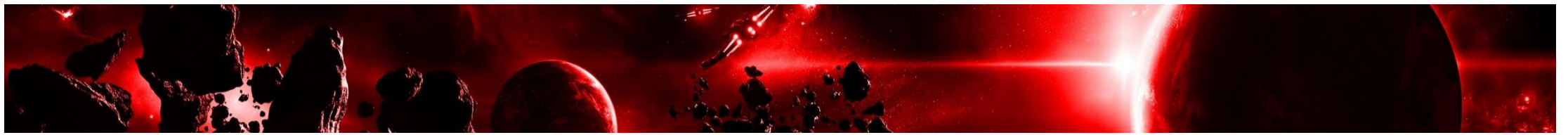


PROPOSAL: finding funding

The overarching principle of Horizon 2020 is collaboration:

- Most Horizon 2020 opportunities ask for a participation of at least 3 legal entities (universities, SMEs, industry etc.) from 3 different EU *Member Countries* or *Associated Countries*.
- In addition, participants from any other country in the world can be included referred to as *Third Countries*.

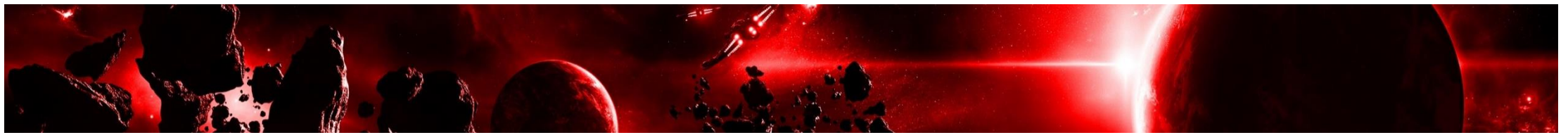




PROPOSAL: finding funding

- *EU Member States.*
- *Associated Countries* (15) – they participate in Horizon 2020 under the same conditions as Member States.
- *Developing Countries* (130) may participate and are automatically eligible for funding.
- *Third Country Participants:* any country/territory that is not one of the following:
 - an EU country; or
 - an overseas country or territory linked to an EU country.





PROPOSAL: finding funding

Who qualifies for funding under current rules in H2020?
Legal entity/Natural Person who...



- Established in
- A EU member-state
 - An associated country
 - One of the third countries automatically eligible for funding

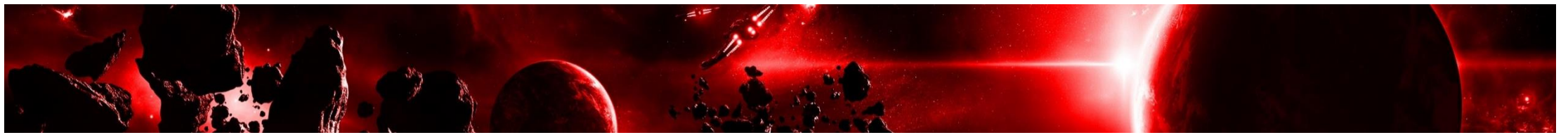
Call	Topics
Digital Security: Cybersecurity, Privacy and Trust (DS-2015-1)	The role of ICT in Critical Infrastructure Protection (DS-03-2015)
	Secure Information Sharing (DS-04-2015)
	Trust eServices (DS-05-2015)

Topic specifically mentions eligibility OR EU/third-country bilateral agreement exists.

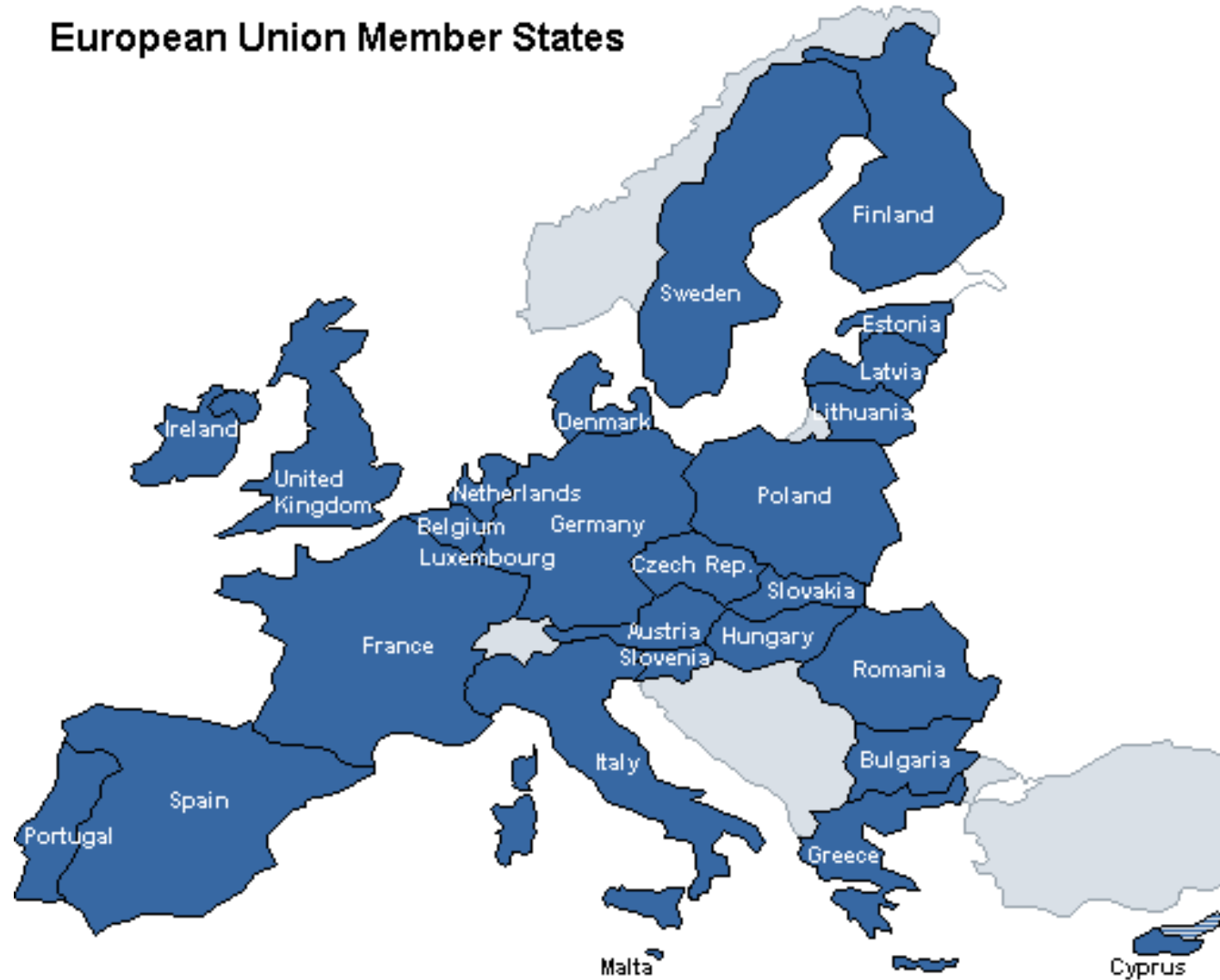
3.

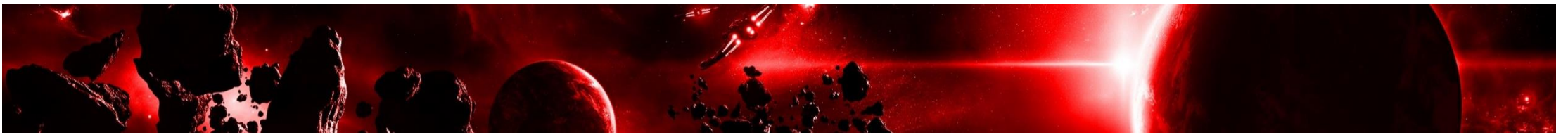
“When the Commission deems participation of the entity essential for carrying out the action funded through Horizon 2020” (Annex A)





European Union Member States





PROPOSAL: finding funding

Switzerland:

- Is considered an Associated Country for all projects in “Excellent Science” pillar; the actions under the specific objective “Spreading excellence and widening participation”; and the Euratom Programme
- May also participate with a status of *Third Country* under other Horizon 2020 priorities that are not listed above.



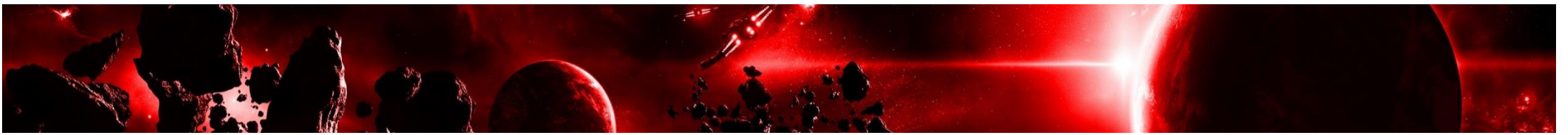


PROPOSAL: finding funding

USA:

- Is considered a Third Country for all projects
- May qualify for funding
 - if the USA is explicitly identified in the relevant work programme and call for proposal as eligible or
 - their participation is deemed by the European Commission to be essential for carrying out the action.
 - when participating in the health programme on the basis of a reciprocal EU - US/NIH arrangement
- US-partners are eligible for funding for all calls under the Societal Challenge 'Health, demographic change and well-being'.





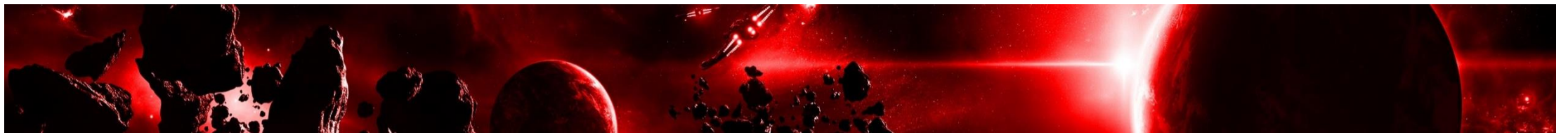
PROPOSAL: finding funding

Recommendations:

- Leverage existing or reciprocal Research Partnerships
- Consider Hosting a MSCA Fellow
- Participating is not just about funding but rather engaging on a global stage. Be aware as a new participant that the administrative learning curve is high.
- Be honest with your partners and collaborators about your knowledge of EU grants.

Types of applications: CSA, RIA, IAs, **MSCAs**
(This session will presume you are applying for a RIA)





PROPOSAL: finding funding

Resources:

- Participant Portal (REALLY!!)
- Contact your National Point of Contact Network
- EURAXESS
- Bilat 4.0
- Other



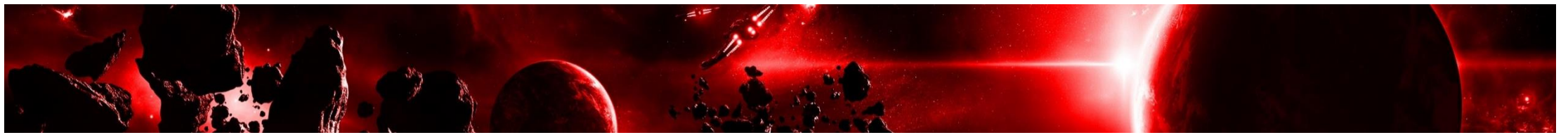


PROPOSAL: getting organized

First things first – make sure to speak the same “language”:

What EU calls it (H2020)	What it might be called in third countries
Beneficiary (participant)	Partner/collaborator/
Grant Agreement	Notice of Award (USA)/contract
Co-funding	Cost sharing/matching
Indirect costs	Overhead
Consortium agreement	Collaboration agreement/ Multi-institutional agreement
[†] Legal signatory	Authorised signatory
Third party	Subrecipient
‘Partner’ (see next slide)	?



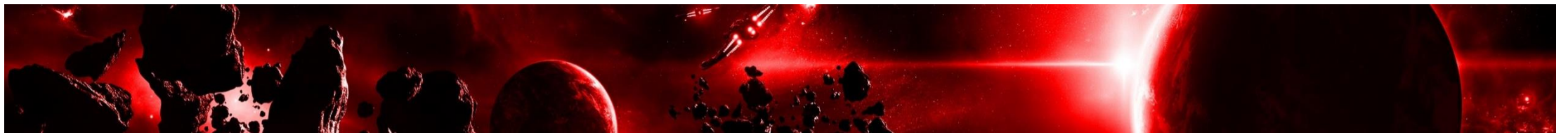


PROPOSAL: getting organized

Coordinators:

- Figure out who should be your main PoC. We recognize many people need to be involved, but it gets chaotic. Tell main PoC that all internal approvals and persons should be coordinated.
- Either hand out templates or give access in PIC portal. If access may need to hand-out or educate novice user of system.
- Set internal deadlines. Give guidance notes.





PROPOSAL: getting organized

Beneficiary/Participant:

- Ask questions! If you don't understand your requirements, make sure the coordinator knows.
- Listen to your Coordinator: not all Partners.
- Make sure you push for budget early.



CASE STUDY

Harvard Global Faculty H2020 Onboarding



EU Grants: Award Documentation

Grant Agreement

- Standard Forum
- Negotiated between EU & Coordinator
- Signed by all beneficiaries (A2.5)

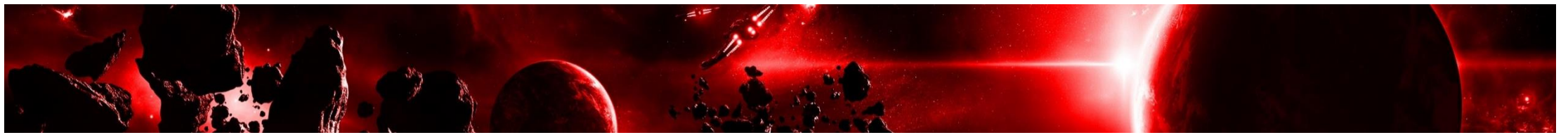
Consortium Agreement

- Binds the consortium of all partners
- Signed by all beneficiaries
- EU does not sign



Important Considerations: Timesheets

- All working time must be recorded at all times for **EVERYONE** on a monthly basis by an appropriate time-sheet system in order to justify the *DIRECT* relation between salaries/fringe and the project.
- Most impacted population is Faculty
- Time sheet data requirements:
 - Hours need to be broken out by:
 - ✓ Work Package
 - ✓ Cost Category
 - ✓ Non-productive or non-EU work hours



Case Study: Training/Onboarding

1. Training for Faculty and Researchers
2. Horizon 2020 Boot Camp for *all* involved in the Project
3. Specific Horizon 2020 Training for Departmental Research Administrators
4. Core Group of Pre/Post Experts in Central Administration that handle all questions and financial reporting related to the Award
5. Maintain constant communication with Lead Beneficiary Research Administrators





PROPOSAL: building blocks

European Commission
Research & Innovation - Participant Portal
Proposal Submission Forms

Horizon 2020

Call: H2020-FETPROACT-2016-2017
(FET Proactive – Boosting emerging technologies)

Topic: FETPROACT-01-2016

Type of action: RIA
(Research and Innovation action)

Proposal number: 732248

Proposal acronym: EVOPLEX

Deadline Id: FETPROACT-2016

[Table of contents](#)

Section	Title	Action
1	General information	
2	Participants & contacts	
3	Budget	
4	Ethics	
5	Call-specific questions	



70
pages
max

Part A

*administrative information; ethics checklist;
budget; additional information (open data,
previous submitted proposal, etc.)*

Part B

Section 1 Excellence

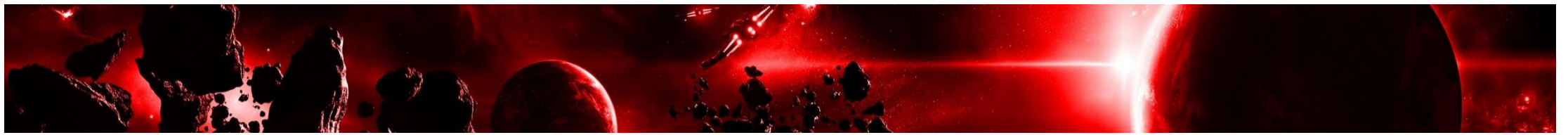
Section 2 Impact

Section 3 Implementation

*Section 4 Members of the Consortium
(description of partners)*

Section 5 Ethics and Security





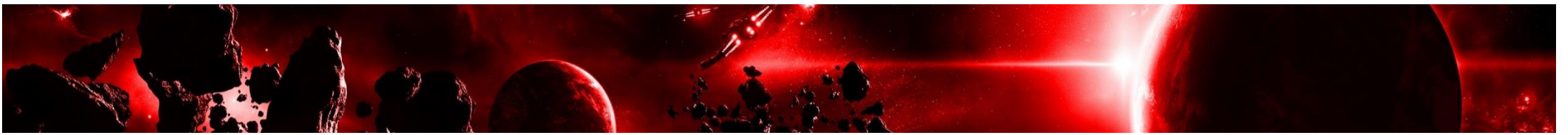
PROPOSAL: building blocks

Two key questions:
Who qualifies for funding?
Who will obtain funding?

The “Rules” for proposal development can be found in the H2020 Annotated Model Grant Agreement (AGMA).

Annex 1, Part A...p. 83
Annex 1, Part B...p. 123
Annex 2, Budget ...p. 197






PROPOSAL: building blocks

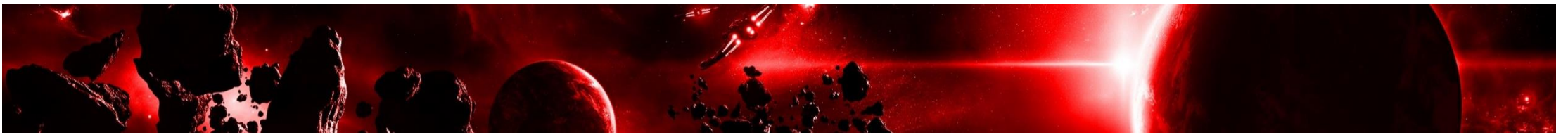
What does it mean to be “essential”?

From an official briefing of evaluators RISE 2015 [emphasis as in source]:

- 
- Partner has competences/expertise that no organization in any MS/AC has
 - Transfer of knowledge needed for the project can only be done by secondments from TC to MS/AC

If the exceptional contribution is requested by the applicants, the evaluators must give their opinion (Y/N) in the Consensus Report'



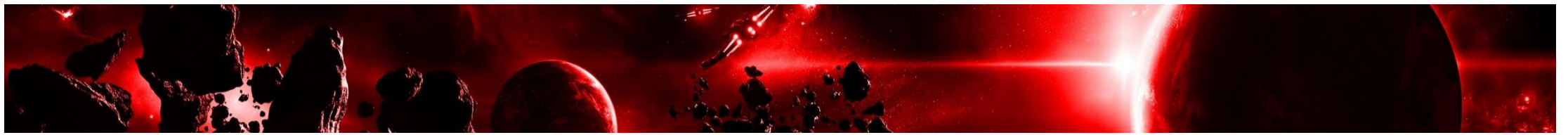


PROPOSAL: building blocks

“Essential” is ultimately an EC decision which involves many factors.

Take-away: Discuss this early in proposal development.





PROPOSAL: building blocks

Third Country Focus: US Participation



- US institutions can participate unless directly excluded in the given topic.
- US institutions are automatically eligible for funding in SC1.
- US institutions are eligible for funding, if it is specifically stated in a topic text.
- In all other cases, the 'essential clause' applies.

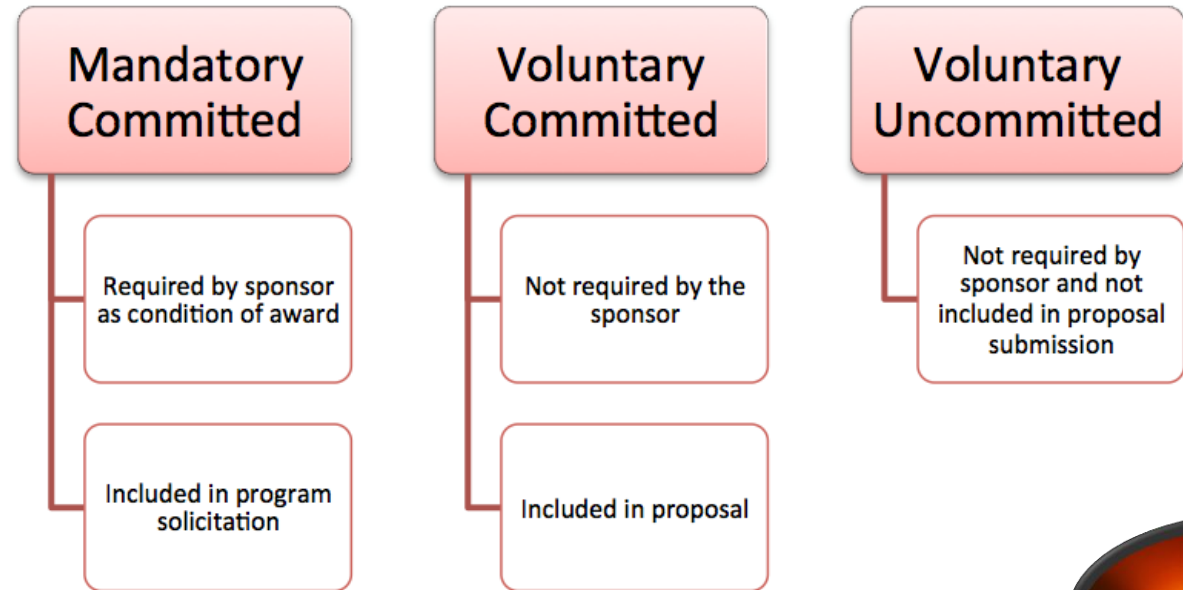


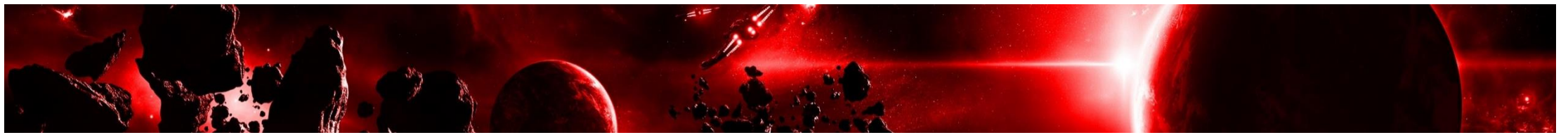


PROPOSAL: building blocks

Third Country Focus: US Participation

If US entity
participating
without requesting
EC funding
=
COST SHARE





PROPOSAL: building blocks

BILAT  USA 2.0



Quick Start Guide for EU grants for third-country participants

BILAT 2.0 (soon to release BILAT 4.0)

Horizon 2020 Guide for US researchers

A Guide to US participation in the European Union's
Framework Programme for Research and Innovation
(2014-2020)

www.euussciencetechnology.eu

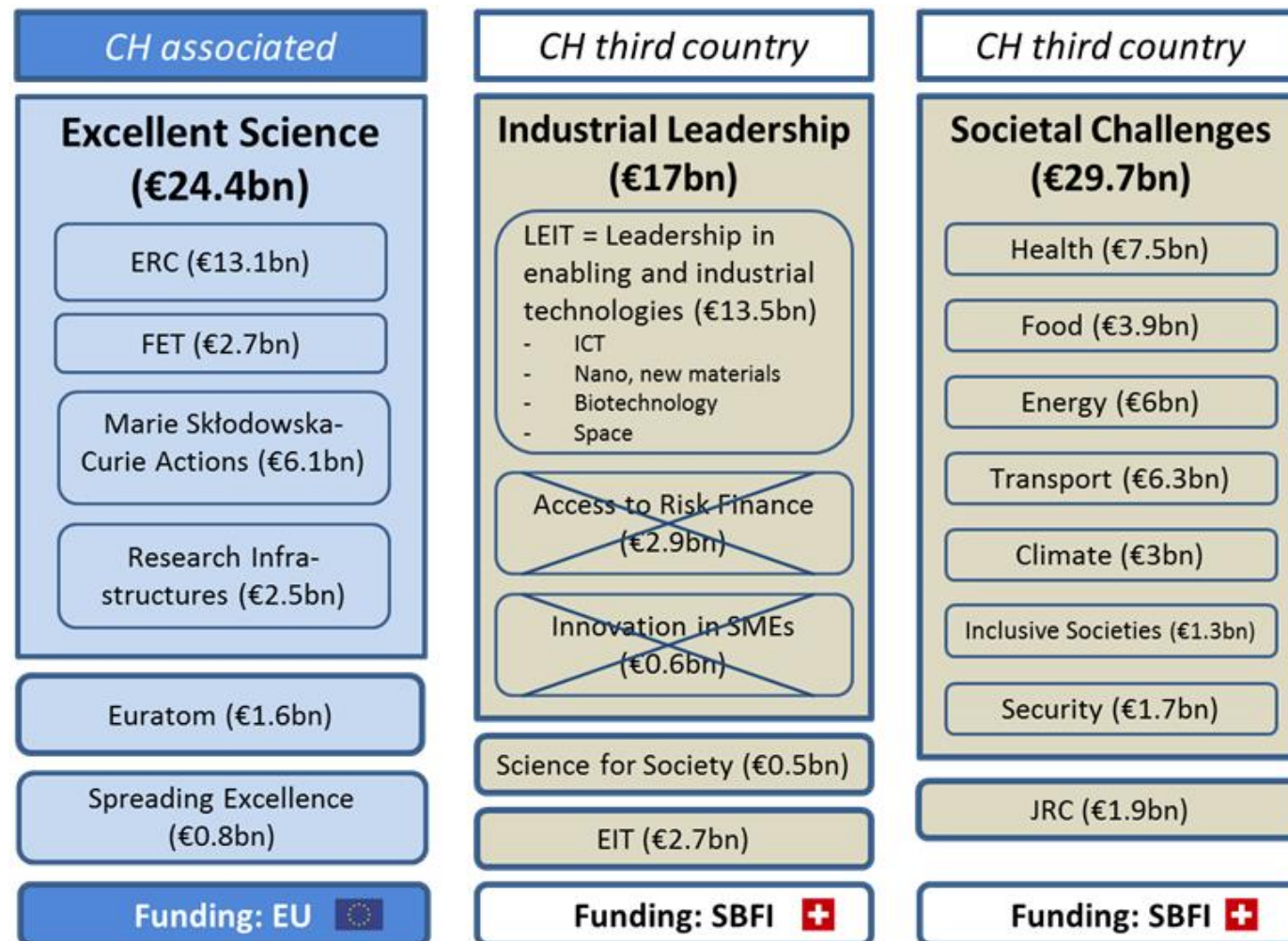


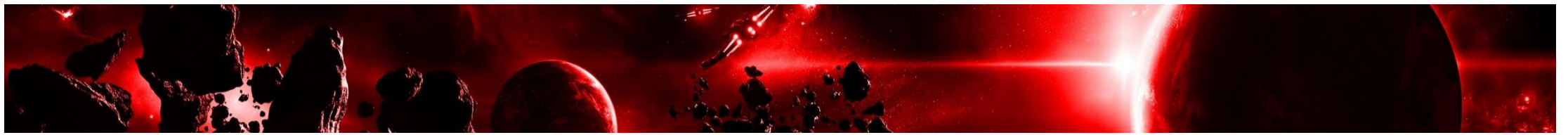


PROPOSAL: building blocks

**Third Country
Focus:
Swiss
Participation**

**Partial
Association for
all calls in 2016**





PROPOSAL: building blocks

Send out budget templates early!

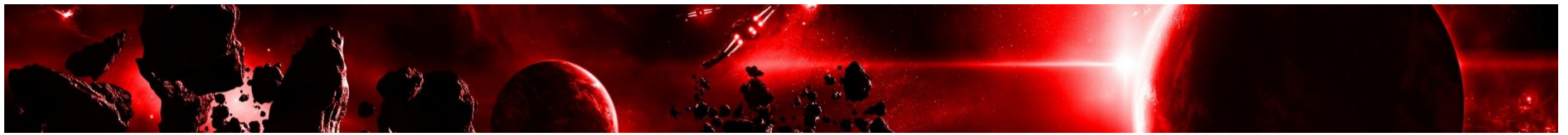
- Coordinators should hand out budget/Partners should ask for it

- Once you have the template, two methodologies:

1. Set cap for TOTAL AMOUNT, e.g., 125K Euro per institution (works on proposals with similar beneficiary actions) **FASTER**
2. Set cost types , e.g., each beneficiary should have 2 trips /year to London, each beneficiary should give between 1-2 PM total, each beneficiary should budget for certain supplies, etc.

Set expectations about effort/person months. Make it clear for the partners which Work Packages they will be performing on.





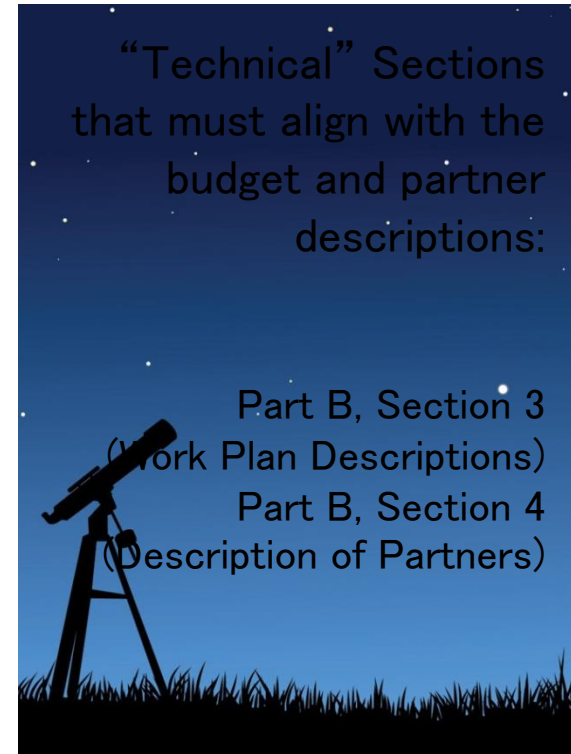
PROPOSAL: building blocks

PART B

- While scientists/researchers will write much of these sections, it is beneficial for an administrator to review and ensure the technical narrative accounts for “essential nature” of any third-country participants who are leveraging that designation.
- Highlight the rationale of uniqueness in research and impact.

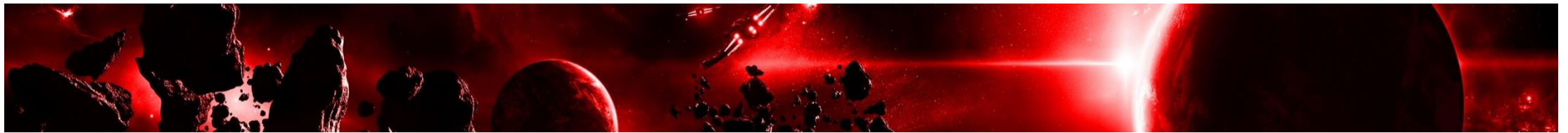
“Technical” Sections
that must align with the
budget and partner
descriptions:

Part B, Section 3
(Work Plan Descriptions)
Part B, Section 4
(Description of Partners)



CASE STUDY

EU Budget Template
With Local Currency Conversion



Project proposal:		
-------------------	--	--

Partner name:		
---------------	--	--

Direct costs					USD to EURO Exchange Rate: EUR Mar. 30, 2016	0.8791
Description	Total Cost (USD \$)	Total Cost (€)	Total person months	Total cost (€)		
Personnel (please mention function, job title, i.e. Post-doc, student, etc.)						
\$	\$	0.004	0.0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0.0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0.0	0.00		
				0.00		
				0.00		
				0.00		
Consumables / Equipment						
Cost per Item (USD\$)	Cost per Item (€)	Number of Items	Total cost (€)			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
Travel costs						
Cost per Item (USD\$)	Cost per Item (€)	Number of Items	Total cost (€)			
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00	0.00	
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00		
\$	\$	0.004	0	0.00		
Other costs (including services like audits, etc.)						
Cost per Item (USD\$)	Cost per Item (€)	Number of Items	Total cost (€)			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
Subcontracts (no overheads included)						
Cost per Item (USD\$)	Cost per Item (€)	Number of Items	Total cost (€)			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
			0.00			
Providing financial support to third parties (no overheads included)						
Cost per Item (USD\$)	Cost per Item (€)	Number of Items	Total cost (€)			
			0.00			
			0.00			
Costs of in-kind contributions not used on the beneficiary's premises (no overheads included)						
Cost per Item (USD\$)	Cost per Item (€)	Number of Items	Total cost (€)			
			0.00			
			0.00			
Total direct costs						
				0.00		
Overheads (25% flat-rate used under H2020)						
			25.00%	0.00		
TOTAL grant and EO contribution						
				0.00		

Your person Month effort		WP1	WP2	WP3	WP4	WP5	Total
enter number of months					0.00	0.00	0

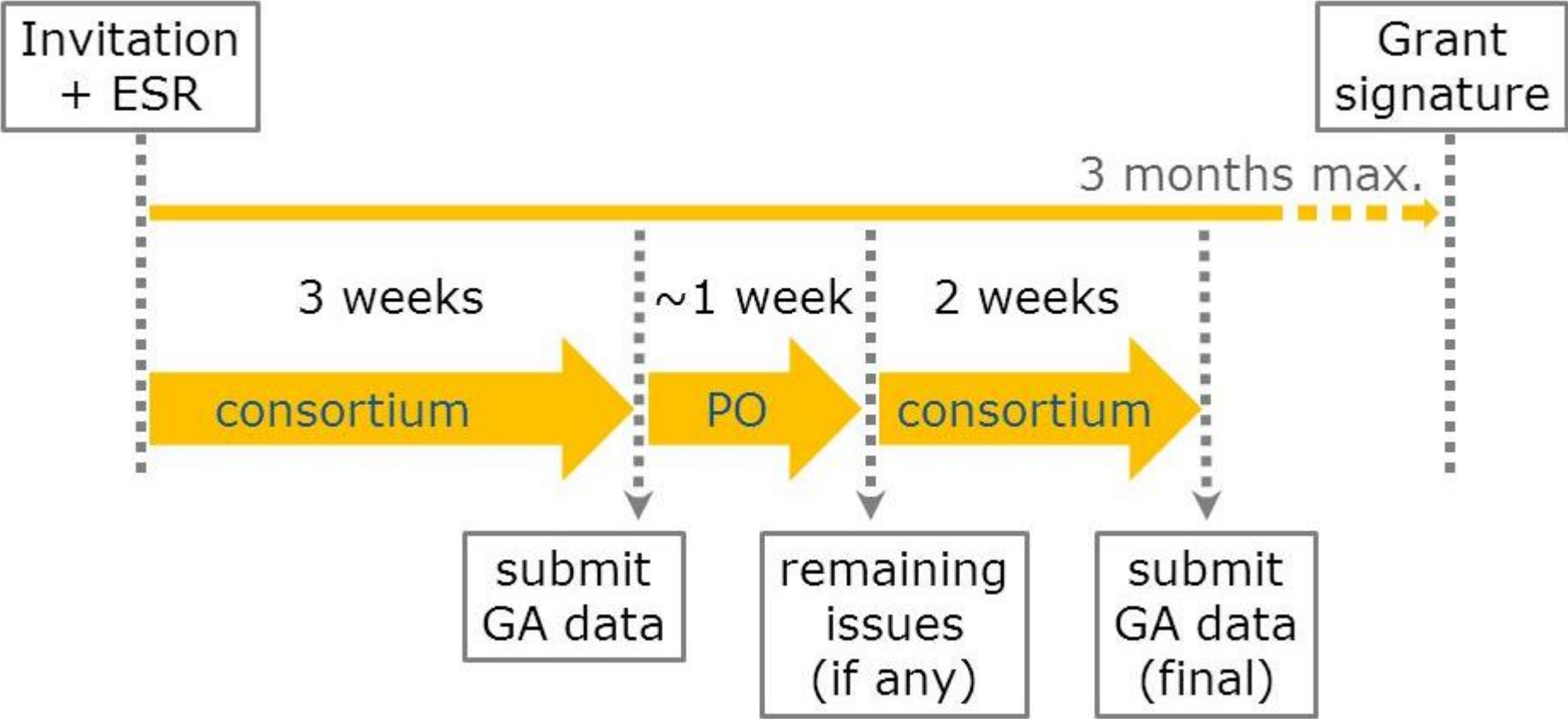
[illegible]

CASE STUDY: budget template



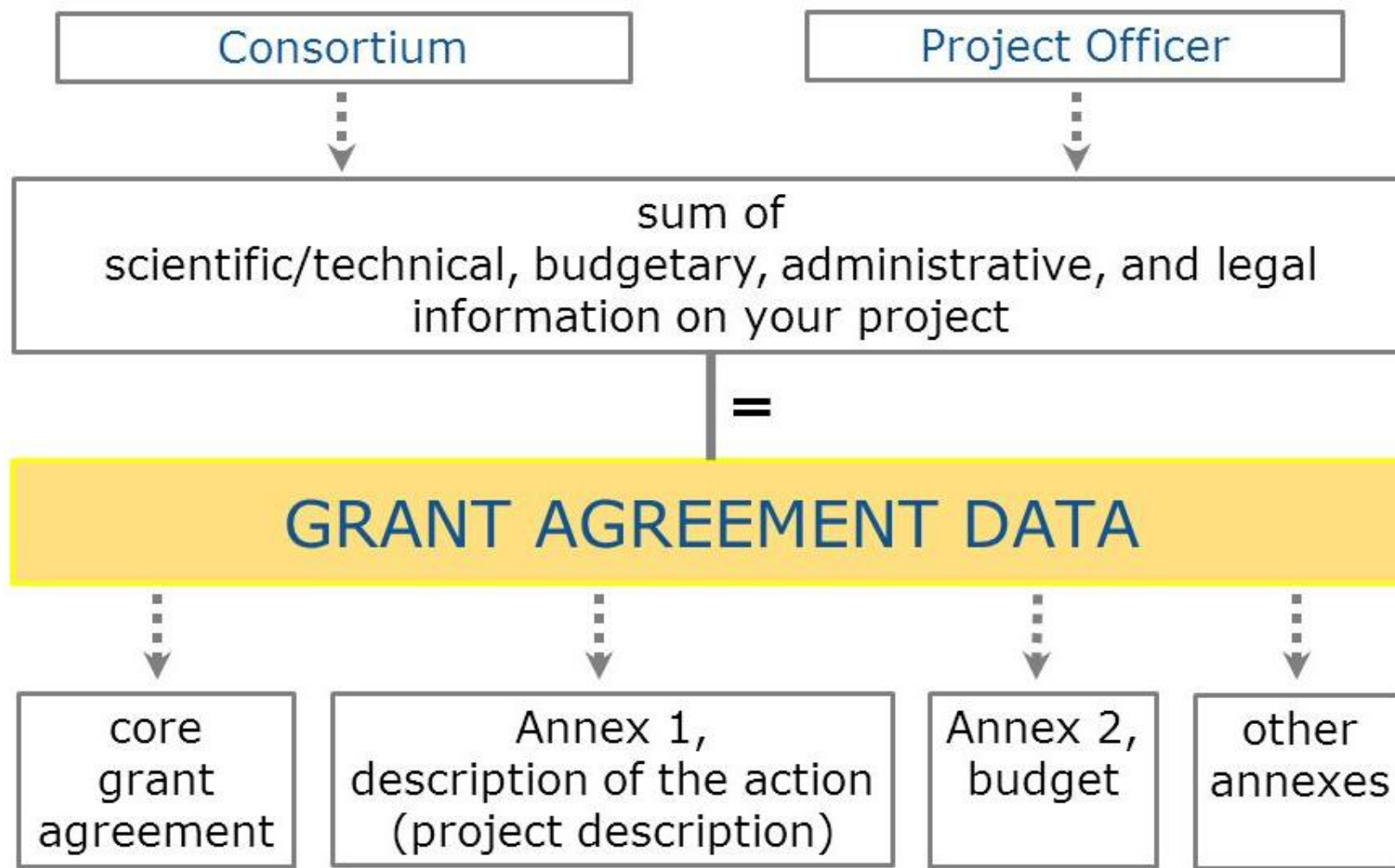


AWARD: keep it together





AWARD: keep it together





AWARD: keep it together

**Mandatory beneficiary validation and appointment of a LEAR
(only needed if the proposal is invited to contract negotiation)**

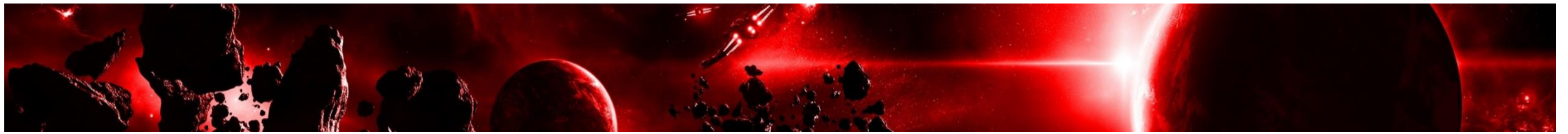
Validation of organisation

- Provide information about legal status and finances (by email)
- For SMEs, an assessment of SME status is necessary
- EC will evaluate legal and financial stability

LEAR (Legal Entity Appointed Representative)

- To be appointed by legal representative of the organisation
- Original, signed documents to be sent by courier
- Once appointed, no other original signatures or paper documentation is needed for the project!



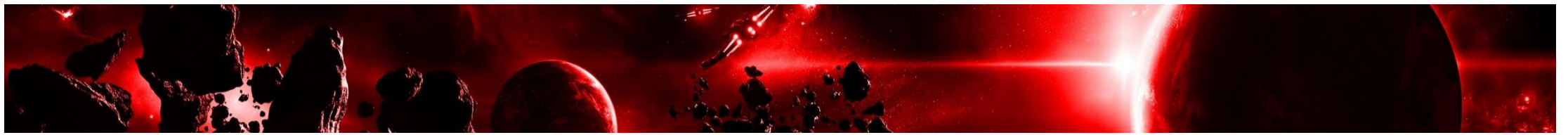


AWARD: keep it together

Possible Changes to your project:

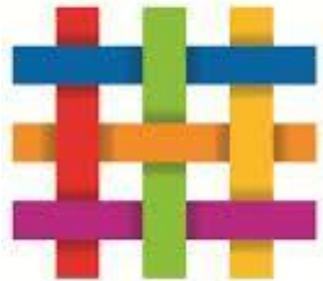
- Successful proposals are expected to be mature and ready to be implemented (no substantial changes allowed)
- Necessary changes:
 - Ethics review or security scrutiny
 - Removal or Replacement of participant
 - Change of administrative aspects (e.g. SME status)
- Optional changes:
 - obvious errors or inconsistencies
 - Shortcomings identified by the experts in the ESR





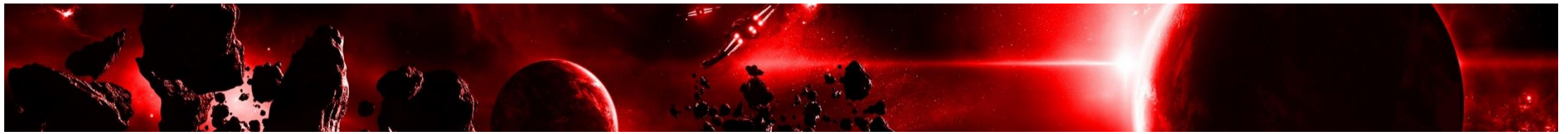
AWARD: keep it together

Get prepared within
the Consortium

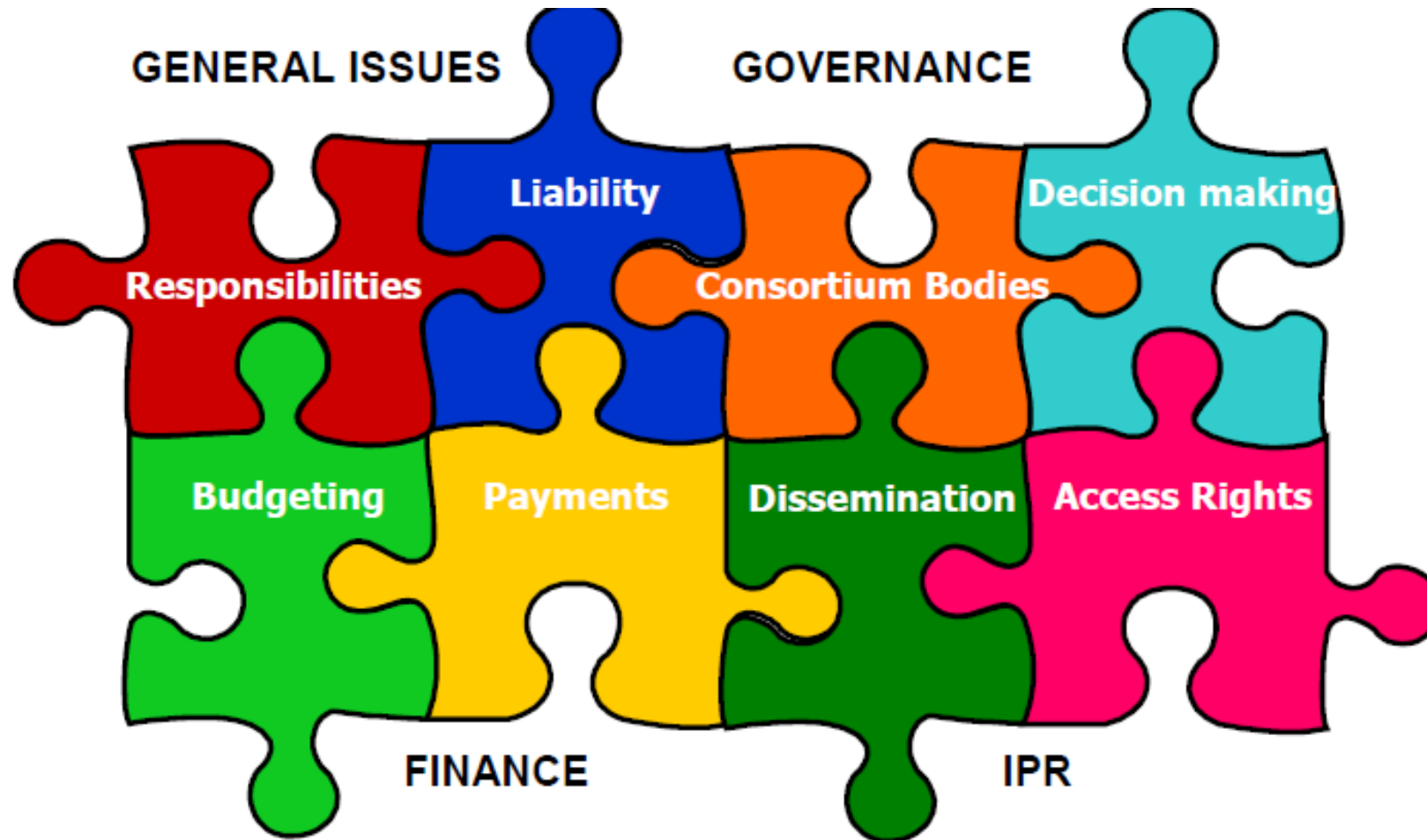


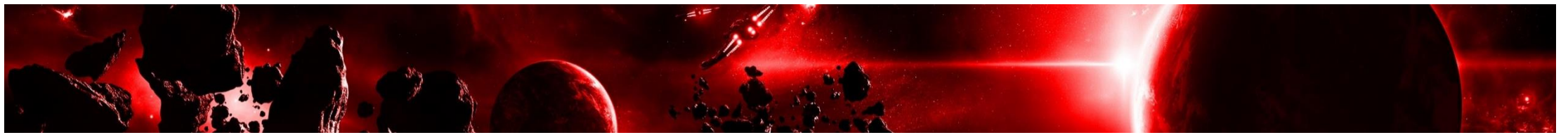
DESCA
Horizon 2020 Model
Consortium Agreement
www.DESCA-2020.eu





AWARD: keep it together





AWARD: keep talking



Invite for the
kickoff –
meeting

(Date after
project start –
eligible cost)





AWARD: keep talking

PARTICIPANT PORTAL H2020 – Online Manual


main steps to finalize the signature of your grant agreement:

1. [Enter & submit grant data](#)
 1. Entering legal, administrative & financial data
 2. Pre-financing
 3. Preparing the Description of the Action (DoA), Annex 1
2. [Ethics review \(ethics screening & assessment\)](#)
3. [Security scrutiny](#)
4. [Signing the grant agreement](#)




AWARD: keep talking

data imported from proposal




The EU Framework
for Research and Innovation

HORIZON



Guide for Grant Agreement

Version 0.3
25 September 2014



System for Grant Management

Grant Agreement Data

Project 888823 (Project 888823)

Call: H2020-INFRAIA-2014-2015 Action : CSA
Resp. Unit: RTD/B/07 Duration: 36

Beneficiaries	General Information	Reporting Periods	GA Information	GA Options	Financial Information	LF Overview	Work Packages	Deliverables	Milestones	Reviews	Critical Risks
✗	✗	✓	⚠	✓	✗	i	✗	✗	⚠	⚠	⚠

DOCUMENTS

Beneficiaries

Change Coordinator Add New Beneficiary

Number	Short Name	Legal Name	Role	Country	PIC	PIC Status	Actions
1	AST	AST ADVANCED SPACE TECHNOLOGIES GMBH	CO	DE	973276467		
2	RHP	RHP-TECHNOLOGY GMBH & CO KG	BEN	AT	973104001		✗
3	CNRS	CENTRE NATIONAL DE LA RECHERCHE SCIENTIFIQUE	BEN	FR	999997930		✗
4	LANC UNIV	LANCASTER UNIVERSITY	BEN	UK	999840984		✗

Validate

Disclaimer:
This document is aimed at assisting applicants and beneficiaries for Horizon 2020 funding. Its purpose is to explain the Horizon 2020 framework programme and the procedures to be followed.
This is only a first draft (containing — at the moment — only some sections). It is still under discussion and will be completed over the months to come.



CASE STUDY

EURONET

Prof. Dr. med. Markus Müller, ETH Zürich

Coordinator (RIA, Health)

15 partners incl. Industry, SME, US-partner,
coordinated in CH



EURONET: every beneficiary



- edit / add roles
(last possibility for validation)
- download documents
- fill in / correct GA data
- check internal processes
(registration form, confirmation of PI, archiving documents)
- Declaration of Honour
- Signature Accession to GA





EURONET: every beneficiary



EU GrantsAccess folder index:

- CA
- ESR
- Finance
- GAP (confirmation budget)
- Proposal
- Vertrag (confirmation GA)
- Ethics





EURONET: coordinator



- PRIMUS INTER PARES
- inform all beneficiaries about the Grant Agreement Preparation
- Negotiate/sign CA
- collect banking information
- sign the GA on behalf of the consortium





EURONET: coordinator



Internally:

- recruit and train project manager
- set up finance system
- update project wiki/intranet
- template emails:
 - information
 - negotiation CA
 - Deadlines





EURONET: tricky partners



- Art. 9 GA: beneficiaries not receiving EU funding
- Third country beneficiaries “deemed essential”
- Industry
- SME (validated/not validated)





POST-AWARD: running smoothly

A very brief overview of *what and how* European coordinators (and support staff) should inform their third country participants.

Main message:

“Don’t panic”

(Hitchhikers guide to Galaxy, p. 27)





POST-AWARD: running smoothly

First things first – make sure to speak the same “language”:

What EU calls it (H2020)	What it might be called in third countries
Beneficiary (participant)	Partner/collaborator/
Grant Agreement	Notice of Award (USA)/contract
Co-funding	Cost sharing/matching
Indirect costs	Overhead
Consortium agreement	Collaboration agreement/ Multi-institutional agreement
Legal signatory	Authorised signatory
Third party	Subrecipient
‘Partner’ (see next slide)	?





POST-AWARD: running smoothly

You can scare the researchers by asking them to read all the financial rules found in the H2020 rules for participation and the Model Grant Agreement.

(HINT: This is highly unlikely to occur.)

OR...



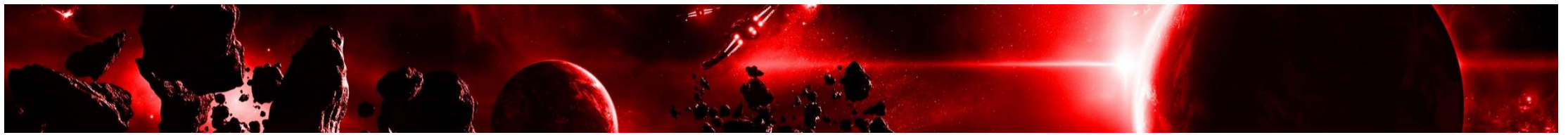


POST-AWARD: running smoothly

ADDRESS the High Level Issues:

- The budget is an upper limit to what you can to get, it is not what you are entitled to get
- You must be economical, no frills allowed
- Only actual costs incurred during the life time of the project will be covered by the EU
- You can't charge extra just because the EU are paying
- Must document your expenses according to the rules and your normal accounting practices, otherwise risk no reimbursement
- Not allowed to spend anything on work not directly related to the project
- You can't in any legal way end up getting more money than you spend
- Any earnings the project might have are deducted from your claims





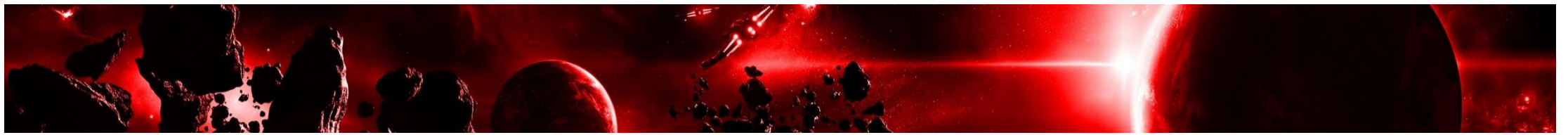
POST-AWARD: running smoothly

Three ways to take part in a H2020 project:

Task Role	Write and sign letter of commitment	Beneficiary validation and LEAR	Sign Grant Agreement and Consortium Agreement	Financial reporting	Scientific reporting	Time recording
Beneficiary with funding	-	X	X	X	(X)	X
Beneficiary without funding	-	X	X	-	(X)	-
‘Partner’ without funding	X	-	-	-	-	-

(Advice: Make sure to submit a letter of commitment from the “partner” at application phase; if partner not included in the Consortium Agreement, make bilateral or multilateral agreements about rights and obligations, any IP issues included)





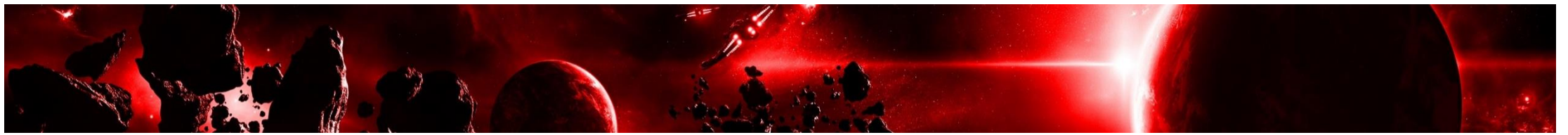
POST-AWARD: running smoothly

Day-to-day administration to be expected (only beneficiaries WITH funding)

Time-recording

- Employees working 100% on the project = One full-time declaration needed (no timesheets)
- Employees working less than 100% on the project = Timesheets for the project (monthly) + usual practice of time recording in the organisation (so no need to invent something new!!)





POST-AWARD: running smoothly

Day-to-day administration to be expected (only beneficiaries WITH funding)





Keep records of expenditure 5 years after final payment

- All costs defined in Grant Agreement are eligible
- Most costs directly related to project are eligible (make sure it is clearly reflected in the application)
- Usual accounting procedures of the organisation must be used (again – use what is routine)



POST-AWARD: running smoothly

Financial reporting and audit (only beneficiaries from third countries with funding)

Cost Category	Total	Actions
a) Direct personnel costs declared as actual costs	0.00 €	
b) Direct personnel costs declared as unit costs (average costs)	0.00 €	
d) Direct costs of subcontracting	<u>0.00 €</u>	
e) Direct costs of providing financial support to third parties	<u>0.00 €</u>	
f) Other direct costs	0.00 €	
h) Indirect costs (= $0.25 * (a + b + f - o)$)	0.00 €	
j) Total costs (= $a + b + d + e + f + h$)	0.00 €	
m) Maximum EU contribution (100%)	0.00 €	
n) Requested EU contribution	0.00 €	



CASE STUDY

Timesheet Template
And
Guidance



CASE STUDY: timesheets

Timesheet for ACRONYM			
Type of Contract			
Acronym			
Contract Number			
Partner			
Person carrying out the work			
Category (Scientist, technician...)			

The undersigned certifies having devoted [HOURS] hours in the month of [MONTH] YEAR

Distribution of these hours (by work package)

Work Package No	Work package title	Hours
W1		
W2		
W3		
W4		
W5		
W6		
W7		
W8		
W9		
W10		
Total		

I certify that all the recorded hours have been devoted solely to work on the [ACRONYM] project and that none of the hours have been reimbursed or covered by any other source.

Signature of the person carrying out the work, place, date

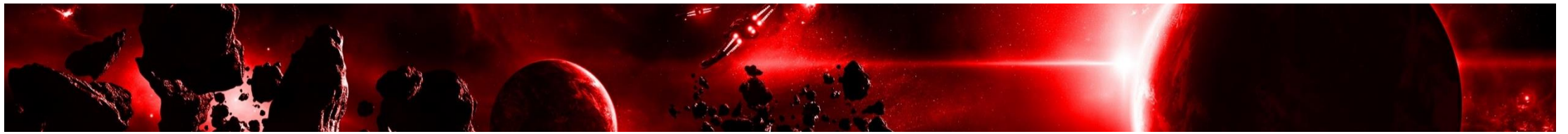
Name	Signature	Date of Signature	Place

I certify that all the recorded hours have been devoted solely to work on the [ACRONYM] project and that none of the hours have been reimbursed or covered by any other source.

Signature of person in charge of scientific issues

Name	Signature	Date of Signature	Place





CASE STUDY: timesheets

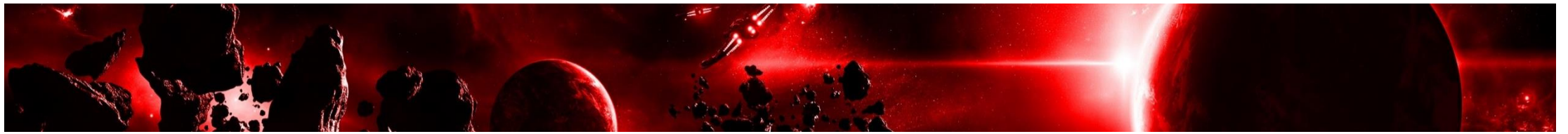
Familiarize third countries beneficiaries with the rules on personnel costs and tracking – Grant Agreement Article 6.2, section A.

The EU algorithm goes like this:

Hourly rate multiplied with actual hours that can be verified spend working directly for the project = what the beneficiary can claim

Ex: Professor at UCPH cost 100 € per hour. If he works 100 hours on a project = UCPH can claim 10,000 €





CASE STUDY: timesheets

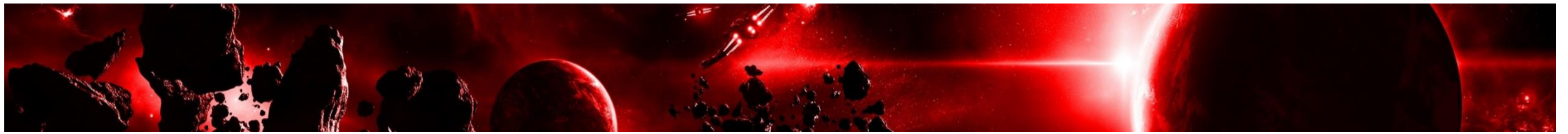
Avoiding timesheets?

1) work 100% of your time on the H2020 project

OR

2) do not claim any personnel costs





CASE STUDY: timesheets

Professors are not paid by the hour, so leg work is needed.

We need to know the ANNUAL cost incurred by the institution (not what the professor puts in her pocket) = “Actual annual personnel cost” (Personnel department will know it)

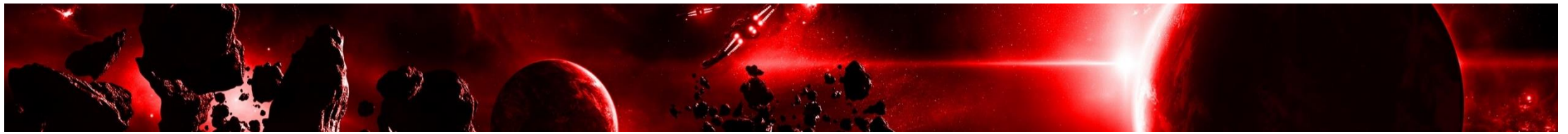
We also need “Annual productive hours” (not billable hours or total workable hours etc.)

EU allows you to use one of three methods to calculate ‘Annual productive hours’ :

1. Use a fixed number of 1,720 hours/year for full time employment
2. ‘Individual annual productive hours’ (only an option if employment contract/national law/collective labour agreement enables you to determine annual workable hours)
3. ‘Standard productive hours’ (that is if your institution have a general standard according to normal accounting practice)

*Advice – try to make beneficiaries calculate budgets based on actual personnel costs or at least a
REALISTIC average for staff categories*



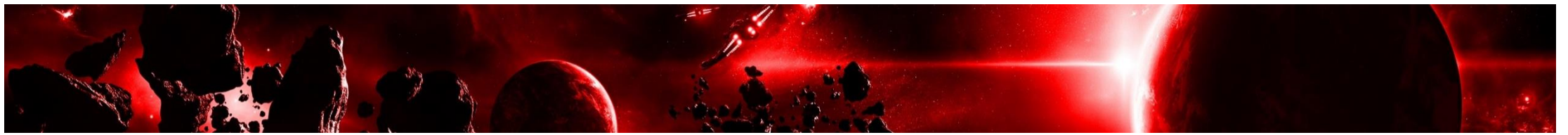


CASE STUDY: timesheets

Calculation of one person-year (full time employment)	Standard work hours per day (regulated by Danish labour agreements and national law)	Hours (Days X daily hours)
37 h / week for 52 weeks = 260 days	7,4	1,924
Minus 6 weeks vacation = 30 days	7,4	- 222
Minus 9 bank holidays = 9 days	7,4	- 67
Minus absence (average) = 10,4 days	7,4	- 77
Equals total annual <u>productive time</u> = 41,8 weeks/209,2 days	=	1,558

So in the end we can now calculate hourly rates, multiply it with the figures from all the timesheets, and then we are ready to fill in the form C = get the money.



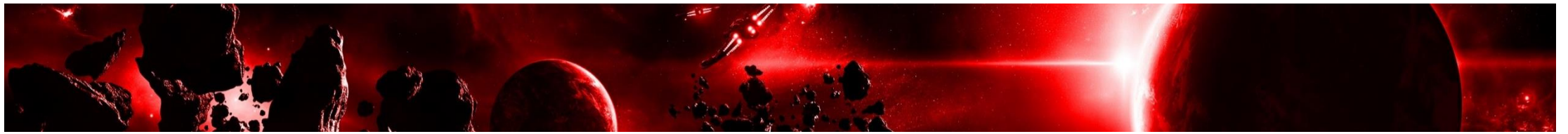


CONCLUSION: parting words

All the Hard Work is Worth the Effort!!

- Encourages an internationalization strategy
- “Incubator” for new collaborations
- Gate to international top research
- Reputation building tool





QUESTIONS?



Coaches will depart from 19.00 for the Conference Dinner at LTU from the Conference Hotels:

- Comfort Arctic
- Elite
- Quality
- Savoy

The dress code for a Swedish Mid Summer Celebration is white with flowers in the hair for ladies ! (Optional)

Return coach transfers to Lulea City Centre will be from 23.00

