

# The EuroHPC Initiative and its Implementation

**DG CONNECT, European Commission** 



# Why Investing on HPC? Reminder

HPC is at the core of major advances and innovations in the digital age It is a key technology for science, industry, and society at large

#### **Strategic value for science**

HPC enables breakthrough science disease treatment; new therapies; brain; climate; chemistry; new materials; cosmology, astrophysics; high-energy physics; environment; transportation, earthquakes, etc.

#### **Strategic value for Industry**

 New products, design and production cycles, decision processes, costs, resource efficiency, etc.

#### National security and defence

 complex encryption technologies, terrorism, forensics cyberattacks, nuclear simulations



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# **European HPC Strategy!**



European Commission President Jean-Claude Juncker *Our ambition is that by 2020, Europe ranks in the top 3 HPC powers worldwide* 

#### ■ 04/2016: European Cloud Initiative COM(2016) 178

a world-class HPC, data & network infrastructure and a leading HPC and Big Data ecosystem

 05/2017: Mid-Term Review of the Digital Single Market Strategy COM(2017) 228

by end-2017, propose a **legal instrument** providing a procurement framework for an exascale supercomputing & data infrastructure

### the EuroHPC Declaration

#### DECLARATION

Cooperation framework on High Performance Computing

Bundesrepublik Deutschland

and

República Portuguesa

and

République française

and

Reino de España

and

Repubblica Italiana

and

Grand-Duché de Luxembourg

and

Koninkrijk der Nederlanden

The signing Member States agree to work together towards making available across the EU an integrated world-class high performance computing (HPC) infrastructure, which in combination with European data and network infrastructures would upraise Europe's scientific capabilities and industrial competitiveness.

#### 12 countries joined EuroHPC,



# **The EuroHPC Instrument**

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European Commission





**Co-invest on a leading HPC and data infrastructure** 

for our scientists, industry and the public sector and support the development of technologies and applications across a wide range of fields

- Coordinate EC/MS activities
- Pool public and private resources at EU level
- Procure world-class infrastructure
- Close the chain from R&D to procurement
- Become lead Users
- Create a competitive supply industry
- Lead in Applications

A world-class European HPC, Big Data and Cloud Ecosystem

# A new Instrument – Requirements

European Commission





# **EuroHPC : The Objectives**

Overall objective: Provide European scientists, industry and the public sector with the latest HPC and data infrastructure and support the development of its technologies and applications across a wide range of fields

Provide a procurement framework for an integrated world-class exascale supercomputing and data infrastructure in Europe.

 Provide *EU level coordination and adequate financial resources to support the development and procurement of such infrastructure.* Such infrastructure will be accessible to public and private users for <u>research purposes</u>; paying services to industry may also be provided (under conditions TBD)

Support the development of an *integrated European HPC and Big Data infrastructure ecosystem* covering all scientific and industrial value chain segments (hardware, software, applications, services, interconnections, and skills)

#### Enabling a strong European HPC ecosystem!



# **EuroHPC: Four Pillars**



#### Pillar 1: Infrastructure

 Acquisition of infrastructure (linked to Research and Innovation) and providing and managing access to research users

#### Pillar 2: Applications & Skills

 Excellence in HPC applications; Supporting Industry (incl. SMEs); Training and Outreach

#### Pillar 3: Research and Innovation

 Technologies and systems developed in Europe

#### Pillar 4: Operating the Machines

 Installation, deployment and operation via hosting entities





#### Procurement of HPC machines:

- Top-class: 2 pre-exascale [2020]; 2 exascale [2022] and 2 post-exascale machines [2025+]
- Mid-class: minimum 2 petascale
- Interconnection (and possible federation) to regional, national and European HPC resources
- Providing and managing access to HPC based infrastructures and services to public and private users
- Building first hybrid HPC / Quantum Computing infrastructures in Europe
- Financing from EU + MS/ACs
- Financing from industry could be possible (e.g. for dedicated access)



# EuroHPC : Pillar 2 Applications and Skills Development

- Infrastructure Applications & Skills Research & Innovation Derating machines
- Achieve excellence in HPC applications for exascale and post-exascale performance – support large-scale HPCenabled pilot demonstrators and test-beds for big data applications and services in a wide range of scientific and industrial areas.
- Support Centres of Excellence in HPC applications, and increase the innovation potential of industry (incl. SMEs)
  - Actions for *outreach* and for increasing *training and skills*



# EuroHPC: Pillar 3 Research and Innovation Agenda



#### Develop the *next generation HPC technologies and* systems: exascale and post-exascale

(low-power processors; SW; algorithms; programming models and tools; novel architectures and their system integration through co-design, etc.)

Financing from EU + MS/ACs + Industry



# **EuroHPC: Pillar 4** Operating the Machines



- Delegate machine operations to a hosting entity
- Support (through service contracts) the hosting entity for machine operation & maintenance

- Financing from EU + MSs
- Possible financing from Industry + Public Administrations



# **EuroHPC: The two phases**

#### Phase 1: 2019-2020 (Present Multi-annual Financial Framework)

- [Pillars 1 & 4] Procure and operate pre-exascale machines; Link them to regional, national and European HPC resources; provide and manage access;
- [Pillar 3] Develop technologies for exascale (low-power processor; co-design exascale systems)

#### To be noted: Pillar 2 (Applications) is called in H2020 WP 2018

JU operates until 2026 [end of lifetime of procured pre-exascale machines]

#### Phase 2: 2021-2028 (Next Multi-annual Financial Framework)?

- [Pillars 1 & 4] Procure exascale and post-exascale machines; Link them to regional, national and European HPC resources; provide and manage access; Building first hybrid HPC / Quantum Computing infrastructures
- [Pillars 2 & 3] Develop applications for exascale and technologies for postexascale; skills & outreach
- JU operates until 2030+

# EuroHPC Membership and Contributions

#### **Members**

European Commission

- The Union (represented by the European Commission)
- Member States (MS) and Associated Countries (AC)
- Industry [under specific conditions]
- New members (acceptance of statutes, financial contribution)

#### **Financial Contributions**

- **EC:** procurement, R&D, administrative costs
- Participating States: procurement, R&D, administrative costs Industry: R&D (H2020)

#### Voting rights

**EC, MS, AC:** based on financial contributions



### **Ownership & Procurement**

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# EuroHPC The Procurement Policy [1]

- Procurement is done by the JU under EU rules with the help of national experts in procurement
- Rationale:

Preferred Option of the Commission

European Commission

- JU is a joint ownership by MS/ACs and acts as a trusted manager of the procurement process on behalf of all participating countries
- Application of EU procurement rules
- VAT exemption
- Opening the possibility of cooperation of hosting entities in the procurement process



# EuroHPC The Procurement Policy [2]

- Call for Expression of Interest (CEoI) for selecting the hosting entity
- Preference for CEoI proposals submitted by a Consortium (rather than individual MS)
- Selection (Evaluation) Criteria for CEoI Proposals:
  - Compliance of the proposal to the general machine specifications provided in the CEOI call (see next slide)
  - Total Cost of Ownership/Share of CAPEX and OPEX
  - Experience of the hosting entity in installing and operating the machine
  - Quality of the hosting facility, its physical and IT infrastructure and its connectivity links (i.e., the quality of the network interconnection links in terms of bandwidth capacity, etc. with the rest of Europe)
  - Quality of service to the users (e.g., compliance to SLA specified in CEoI call, security, etc.)
- Further Selection Principles for the hosting entity
  - At max one hosting site will be selected per country per call
  - Hosting sites to be located in MS



# EuroHPC JU Ownership of Machines

#### The JU is the owner of the procured machines

- How will the acquisition of the JU machines be financed:
  - ➔ The JU purchases the machines and hosting entity becomes prime contractor for the operation and maintenance of the JU machines

Preferred Option of the Commission

- → Contract between the JU and the hosting entity will define the period of ownership (this could be the end of lifetime of the JU machine, typically of the order of ~5 years)
  After that period, ownership is transferred to the hosting entity
- How will the operation and maintenance costs of the JU machines be financed:

The JU pays the hosting entity with a service contract

→ The delegation rules will be decided by the JU Governing Board



# EuroHPC Access Rights to Machines [1]

- JU machines accessible to public and private users for research purposes
- Access and use rules are defined by the JU Governing Board Specific rules can apply for the access to the JU machines.

#### For example:

...

- MS/AC → In proportion to their financial contribution to the procurement and/or maintenance costs of the JU machines
- JU → rules TBD for the use of the part funded by the Union (Example: use PRACE rules or any other guiding principle which is based on fair conditions and fit for purpose like scientific excellence, training, etc. )
- Access outside Europe: TBD (Possible principle: Access will be granted to stakeholders outside Europe if endorsed by a Researcher or Research team located in Europe [as in PRACE])

# EuroHPC Industry Access Rights to Machines [2]

#### For public-funded research actions

- Same rules as for the scientific and public sector users
- Reserve access time for industry users participating in R&I funded actions

#### For private purposes

- Paying service; max share of access time in EuroHPC machines TBD
- Possible agreement with industry users for financial contribution in exchange of access rights







### **Governance Structure**

**DG CONNECT, European Commission** 



# **Governance of EuroHPC**

#### Intelligence gathering

#### **Stakeholders**

[academia, industry]

#### (a) Users forum

- Science Users (EDI users from EOSC)
- Users of PRACE and HPC CoEs
- Industry Users

#### (b) Technology forum

- PRACE, GEANT
- Tier-0 supercomputing centres
- Industry (ETP4HPC, BDVA PPP, IPCEI)

Advice & Decision making

**Governing Board<sup>1</sup>** 

[Member States (MS) + EC + Associated Countries (AC)]

<sup>1</sup> Covers all the JU pillars

#### Research & Innovation Board<sup>2</sup>

[academia & industry]

<sup>2</sup> Covers only JU pillars 2&3

#### Infrastructure Advisory Board<sup>3</sup>

[academia & industry]

<sup>3</sup> Covers only JU pillars 1&4

#### Implementation

**R&I** activities

JU funded

**HPC** machines

**MS-funded** activities

#### **PRACE** activities

IPCEI activities



# EuroHPC The Governing Board

### The main decision making body of the JU

**Composition:** representatives of the JU Participating States and the EC

#### <u>Mission</u>:

**Governing Board** [Member States (MS) + EC + Associated Countries (AC)]

- Establishes the rules of the JU cooperation framework (strategic orientations and operations of the JU; synergies with MS)
- Decides on the implementation roadmap for acquiring and deploying an integrated exascale supercomputing infrastructure and the creation of an HPC and Big Data ecosystem in Europe

#### Scope of action:

- General JU operations: Annual budget; multi-annual strategic plan; JU work plan & the corresponding expenditures; communication policy; internal audit; annual activity reports; advisory groups and their members; Membership of the Infrastructure Advisory Board; New membership applications; termination of membership; etc.
- Pillar 1 & 4: Procurement procedures (tender calls, evaluation, selection and monitoring of procurement; financing procedures for the purchase of the JU machines and their operation and maintenance costs; hosting site; delegating rules); Access and use rules of the JU machines
- Pillars 2 & 3 (Indirect R&I actions): Prepares the R&I Calls for proposals; Ensures fairness & transparency on allocation of public funds to participants; evaluation, selection and monitoring of actions;

# EuroHPC The Research and Innovation Board

#### **Advisory Board**

Research & Innovation Board [academia & industry]

#### **Composition:** representatives of industry (supply and use industry) and academia

<u>*Mission*</u>: Elaborates a medium to long-term R&I agenda (technology & applications) covering pillars 2&3

#### <u>Scope of action:</u>

- Draws and regularly updates the multiannual strategic R&I agenda: consults widely academic and industry stakeholders (the User Forum and the Technology Forum) for preparing this agenda
- Prepares each year a proposal for the governing board of the draft R&I activities plan for the next year. It will be used as a basis for the JU governing board to prepare the JU calls of proposals for R&I activities

**Organisation of work:** Functioning, Meetings, rules of procedures, etc. TBD



**Advisory Board** 

Infrastructure Advisory Board [academia & industry]

<u>Composition</u>: A few members selected by the JU Governing Board; selection rules TBD

<u>Mission</u>: Acts as a Strategic Advisory Board to the JU Governing Board from where it receives the relevant information for its work in Pillars 1 &4

**Scope of action:** Provides advice on the infrastructure implementation options of the JU

- Prepares and proposes the specifications for the procurement of the JU machines after extensive consultation with the relevant stakeholders
- Monitors the operations of the JU machines (incl. access compliance by academic and industrial users)

Organisation of work: Functioning, Meetings, rules of procedures, etc. TBD



# JU Governance The Stakeholders

They are consulted by the R&I Board and the Infrastructure Advisory Board

#### **Stakeholders**

[academia, industry]

#### (a) Users forum

- Science Users (EDI users from EOSC)
- Users of PRACE and HPC CoEs
- Industry Users

#### (b) Technology forum

- PRACE, GEANT
- Tier-0 supercomputing centres
- Industry (ETP4HPC, BDVA PPP, IPCEI)

#### Users Forum

 Provides views and requirements from the scientific and industrial user communities to shape the EuroHPC strategic R&I agenda

#### Technology Forum

- Provides views and requirements from HPC and Big data infrastructure technology and infrastructure developers and operators on state of the art technology relevant to HPC and Big data systems, infrastructures, applications and services
- Provides inputs on architectural options for infrastructure implementation





- **OCT 2017:** Validation of the EuroHPC Instrument
- DEC 2017: EC proposal to the Council for the EuroHPC Instrument
- DEC 2017 & JAN 2018: EuroHPC Workshops
- **2018:** Council Decision on the EuroHPC Instrument
- 2019-2020: Setting up and operating the EuroHPC Instrument [JU Phase 1]
- **2021 onwards:** Next Financial Budget Framework [JU Phase 2]?



## Workshops

DG CONNECT, European Commission

**Purpose**: gather information to draft the EuroHPC implementation roadmap

Bring together experts from relevant fields in their roles as users (from science and industry), technology providers (of HPC and data resources) including data managers and cloud service providers, and network providers to discuss enabling mechanisms to deploy the European HPC and Data Infrastructure

#### 3 workshops are planned in Brussels:

European Commission

- O5 December 2017: requirements from users and technology offer for next generation HPC
- 16 January 2018: requirements from users and technology offer for next generation HPC (continuation of 05 Dec. workshop)
- **31 January 2018**: Technology specification and operational deployment



<u>5 December 2017</u> workshop to explore requirements from users and technology offer for next generation HPC

- What are the exascale User requirements in different disciplines?
- How do these translate into hardware & software requirements?
- How do they match to technology supplier roadmaps and trends?
- What HPC services are needed?

Invite participants: suggestions from Member States Rapporteur: TBD

#### <u>16 January 2018 (continuation of 05 DEC 2017 workshop)</u>

Invite participants: suggestions from Member States Rapporteur: TBD

# werkshops for the EuroHPC roadmap [3]

# <u>31 January 2018: Workshop on Technology specification and operational deployment</u>

- Architectural aspects of HPC & Data Infrastructures (PRACE, GEANT)
- Procurement timeframes and processes, incl. best practices / challenges in procedures at national level; and defining a European approach to integrate / improve on national procedures (PRACE, Supercomputing Centres, and GEANT)
- Additional measures needed to "provide seamless, high-speed, reliable and secure connectivity to make HPC accessible across the EU"
- Pan-European HPC, Data and Networking ecosystem (PRACE, GEANT)

Invite participants: suggestions from Member States Rapporteur: TBD



# **THANK YOU!**

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